

The Lifestages KiwiSaver Scheme is brought to you by Funds Administration New Zealand Limited (FANZ)



Lifestages KiwiSaver Scheme Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015









Lifestages KiwiSaver Scheme Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

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LIFESTAGES KIWISAVER SCHEME

Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 31 March 2015

	KiwiSaver Scheme		
		2015 12 Months	201 12 Monto
	Notes	\$	
NCOME			
nterest Income		498,424	377,80
Dividend Income		2,118,188	1,600,55
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	11	6,470,930	3,882,79
Other Income		182,730	222,44
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		9,270,272	6,083,59
EXPENSES			
Audit Fees	16	6,676	6,19
General Expenses		381,114	349,49
Manager Fees		888,709	706,02
Trustees Fees		65,817	58,72
TOTAL EXPENSES		1,342,316	1,120,43
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE MEMBERSHIP ACTIV	VITIES	7,927,956	4,963,15
MEMBERSHIP ACTIVITIES			
Members Contributions		12,805,047	11,064,59
Employer Contributions		5,833,544	4,969,29
Crown Contributions and Fee Subsidies		4,041,061	3,521,14
Transfers in from other schemes		7,362,166	4,441,01
Other Income		32,104	26,50
Withdrawals		(3,754,573)	(3,277,198
Withdrawal for first home purchase			(486,532
Withdrawal for mortgage diversion		(6,025)	(6,160
Withdrawal for significant hardship		(10,185)	(154,608
Withdrawal for serious illness		(19,620)	(62,468
Withdrawal on death		(207,985)	(97,850
Withdrawal for permanent emigration		(100,079)	(120,954
Transfer to other schemes		(4,135,181)	(2,754,109
Administration fees	7	(271,168)	(299,022
PIE tax attributable to members	10	(607,821)	(587,184
NET MEMBERSHIP ACTIVITIES		20,295,869	16,176,46
		20.000.005	04.400.40
Net Change in Members' Benefits		28,223,825	21,139,62
Net Change in Members' Benefits Members Funds at the Beginning of the Financial Year		28,223,825 101,844,160	21,139,62 80,704,53



Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2015

			iwiSaver Scheme
	Notes	2015 12 Months \$	2014 12 Months \$
ASSETS			
Cash		9,103,472	8,323,925
Trade and Other Receivables	8	1,444,435	457,503
Financial Assets	12	120,372,338	93,530,173
TOTAL ASSETS		130,920,245	102,311,601
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	9	264,385	207,755
PIE tax payable on behalf of members	10	587,875	259,686
Total Liabilities (excluding Net Assets attributable to	Members)	852,260	467,441
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS		130,067,985	101,844,160

 $The \ Statement \ of \ Accounting \ Policies \ and \ Notes \ to \ the \ Financial \ Statements \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ Financial \ Statements$

For and on behalf of the Manager, Funds Administration New Zealand Limited



LIFESTAGES KIWISAVER SCHEME

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2015

			iwiSaver Scheme
	Notes	2015 12 Months \$	2014 12 Months
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest Income		498,013	383,310
Dividends		1,186,079	1,690,666
Other Income		128,318	173,309
Proceeds from sale of Investment Assets		40,930,364	43,907,659
Purchase of Investment Assets		(61,301,599)	(57,622,480)
Operating expenses paid		(1,287,846)	(1,032,304)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	13	(19,846,671)	(12,499,840)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net Membership Activities		20,626,218	16,454,137
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		20,626,218	16,454,137
Net Increase in Cash		779,547	3,954,297
Cash at the beginning of the Financial Year		8,323,925	4,369,628
CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		9,103,472	8,323,925

 $The \ Statement \ of \ Accounting \ Policies \ and \ Notes \ to \ the \ Financial \ Statements \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ Financial \ Statements$



1) REPORTING ENTITIES

The Lifestages KiwiSaver Scheme (the "Scheme") is the reporting entity.

These Financial Statements show the collective changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows of the two Portfolios that make up the Lifestages KiwiSaver Scheme. The two Portfolios whose information is reported and presented collectively within the Financial Statements are as follows:

> Lifestages KiwiSaver Growth Portfolio

> Lifestages KiwiSaver Capital Stable Portfolio

Collectively these Portfolios are referred to throughout these financial statements as the "Scheme".

The Lifestages KiwiSaver Scheme is registered under the KiwiSaver Act 2006

These Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 25 June 2015.

2) MANAGER AND TRUSTEE

The Administration Manager of the Scheme is Funds Administration New Zealand Limited (the Manager), a subsidiary of Southland Building Society (SBS).

The Manager is entitled to be paid out of the Scheme a fee equal to 0.75% p.a. of the Gross Asset Value of the KiwiSaver Scheme (Capital Stable Portfolio) and 0.90% p.a. of the Gross Asset Value of the KiwiSaver Scheme (Growth Portfolio).

The management fee currently charged is 0.75% p.a. for the KiwiSaver Scheme (Capital Stable Portfolio), and 0.90% p.a. for the KiwiSaver Scheme (Growth Portfolio).

The Trustee is Trustees Executors Limited. The Trustee is entitled to be paid out of the Scheme a fee up to 0.06% p.a. calculated daily on the Gross Asset Value of the KiwiSaver Scheme.

3) ACCOUNTING PERIOD

The Financial Statements cover the result of operations and cash flows for the 12 months to 31 March 2015 for the KiwiSaver Scheme.

4) BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with the Trust Deed, the KiwiSaver Act 2006, New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and the Financial Reporting Act 2013. From 1 April 2014, the new Financial Reporting Act 2013 ("FRA 2013") has come into force replacing the Financial Reporting Act 1993, this is effective for all for-profit entities with reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2014. The change in legislation will have no material impact on the Fund's obligation to prepare general purpose financial statements. They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("NZ IFRS") as appropriate for profit-oriented entities. The Financial Statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

b) Functional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements are presented in New Zealand Dollars, which is the Scheme's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Zealand Dollars has been rounded to the nearest dollar.

c) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of these Financial Statements in conformity with NZ IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and

assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. These accounting policies have been consistently applied.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Management has concluded that judgements made in the application of New Zealand Accounting Standards did not have a significant effect on the financial report. No estimates with a significant risk of material adjustments in the next year were noted.

d) Changes in Accounting Policies

There has been no changes in accounting policies during the 12 months to 31 March 2015.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

a) Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign currency exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to New Zealand Dollars at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency exchange differences relating to investments at fair value through profit or loss are included in gains or losses on investments.

b) Income

- Dividends are recorded as income at the date the shares become ex dividend and income accrued is based upon the declared rate of return for the investments.
- ii) Interest income is accounted for on an accruals basis using the effective interest method.
- iii) Any unrealised gains or losses arising from the revaluation of investments or conversion to New Zealand dollars at balance date and realised gains and losses on the sale of investments during the year are recognised in profit or loss.
- iv) Other income is recognised when the Scheme's right to receive payment is established.

c) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and Trustee fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis.

d) Taxation

As at 1 October 2007 the Scheme converted to a Portfolio Investment Entity (PIE) under the Taxation (Savings Investment and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2006. The Scheme's taxable income under the PIE entity structure from 1 October 2007 is distributed to the members.

e) Members' Accrued Benefits

The KiwiSaver Scheme issues multiple classes of units that are redeemable at the Member's option and do not have identical features and are therefore classified as financial liabilities. Units issued by the Scheme provide the Members with the right to require redemption for cash at the value proportionate to the Member's share in the Scheme's net asset value, provided they meet the requirements of the KiwiSaver Act 2006.

f) Financial Instruments

Classification

The Scheme has investments categorised as "financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss" and "held to maturity".

The financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are sub-categorised as "designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception". Financial instruments "designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception" are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Scheme's investment strategy. The Scheme Manager evaluates these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information. These are investments in unlisted unit trusts except for the Lifestages Deposit Portfolio.

Financial instruments "held to maturity" are those assets with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed maturity date for which the Scheme has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. These comprise term investments with banks and building societies, and investments in the Lifestages Deposit Portfolio, which have a similar nature to a term investment.

Recognition, Derecognition and Measurement

Investment assets and liabilities are recognised on the date that the Scheme becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date). Investment assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows expire or the Scheme has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Investment liabilities are derecognised when the Scheme has discharged contractual obligations.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets within Net Change in Fair Value of Investments in the period in which they arise.

The measurement for specific financial instruments is as follows:

- i) Unlisted Unit Trusts: These investments are measured at their redemption price as at reporting date as determined by the Manager of the Unit Trust
- Financial Instruments Held to Maturity: These are recorded at amortised cost. Their carrying value closely approximates their fair value.

g) Cash

Cash comprises call deposits with banks and building societies. Cash is held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than investments or other purposes.

h) Accounts Payable and Interest Receivables

Accounts payable and interest receivables include accrued expenses and accrued income, are carried at their amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Their carrying value closely approximates their fair value.



5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

i) Application of Accounting Standards

The Scheme has adopted the following new or revised standards in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015:

- > External Reporting Board Standard A1 Accounting Standards
 Framework (for-profit Entities Update) (XRB A1) establishes a
 for-profit tier structure and outlines which suite of accounting
 standards entities in different tiers must follow. The Funds are
 tier 1 entities. There was no impact on the current or prior year
 financial statements.
- > IAS 32 (amendments) Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The amendments clarify the offsetting criteria in IAS 32 by explaining when an entity currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off and when gross settlement is considered to be equivalent to net settlement. There was no impact on the current or prior year financial statements.

The following new or amended standards relevant to the Scheme are not yet effective and have not yet been applied in preparing the financial statements:

NZ IFRS 9: Financial Instruments is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015. The Scheme plans to adopt this standard for the financial year ending 31 March 2016. This standard will replace the existing standard NZ IAS 39: Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement, the requirements regarding the classification and measurement of

financial liabilities have been retained, as well as the requirements for determining when the financial liabilities are derecognised. Under the new standard, changes in fair value of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss due to changes in credit risk will be recognised directly in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The standard also establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost and fair value, with classification depending on an entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The adoption of this standard may result in additional or amended disclosures and is not expected to have an effect on the Scheme's reported result or financial position.

> NZ IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers is effective for the periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The Scheme will adopt this amendment for the year ending 31 March 2017. This standard addresses recognition to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. The adoption of this amended standard may result in additional or amended disclosures and its impact on the Scheme's reported result or financial position has not yet been assessed.

There are no other standards, amendments or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective that are expected to impact the Scheme's financial statements.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Scheme's investing activities expose them to various types of risk that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which they invest. The most important types of financial risk to which the Scheme is exposed are credit risk, market price risk, liquidity risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

Asset allocation is determined by the Scheme's Investment Manager who manages the distribution of the assets to achieve the investment objectives. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Scheme's Investment Manager.

The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the balance sheet date and the risk management policies employed by the Scheme are discussed below.

a) Credit Risk

The Scheme is exposed to credit-related losses in the event that a counter party will fail to perform contractual obligations, either in whole or in part, under a contract. The financial instruments which potentially subject the Scheme to credit risk consist principally of cash, short term deposits, receivables and payables in terms of investment transactions, and Unit Trusts. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised by the parameters set out in the Scheme's Investment Guidelines approved by the Trustee.

Whilst the Scheme's investments have a material exposure to the Southland Building Society and ANZ National Bank Limited, these are considered to be without significant risk. Other cash investments are held at Nelson Building Society. The amount of credit risk exposure to Nelson Building Society is \$2,678,552.

The maximum exposure for the Scheme to credit risk is represented by the 'Total Assets' set out in the Statement of Financial Position.

b) Market Price Risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of the Scheme's investment portfolio will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Each Portfolio aims to manage its risk by ensuring that all activities are transacted in accordance with their individual mandates, overall investment strategy and within approved limits. Market price risk analysis is conducted regularly on a total portfolio basis.

The Scheme is subject to market price risk through its International Equity, Australasian Equity, Infrastructure, Property and International Bond Investments, which are noted in Note 12. The benchmark movement of International Equity, Australasian Equity, Infrastructure and Property investments ranges from 10-20%. The benchmark movement of International Bond investments ranges from 1-3%. The impact of movements in these ranges is noted in the table below.

c) Liquidity and Cash Flow Risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Scheme will experience difficulty in either realising assets or otherwise raising sufficient funds to satisfy commitments associated with financial instruments. Cash Flow Risk is the risk that the future cash flows derived from holding financial instruments will fluctuate. The risk management guidelines adopted are designed to minimise liquidity and cash flow risk through:

- > ensuring that there is no significant exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments; and
- > applying limits to ensure there is no concentration of liquidity risk to a particular counter party or market.

Investments in other unit trusts have no maturity dates and can be redeemed at any time. However, these assets are regarded as longterm investments in line with the Scheme's objectives.

Payables have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days. Receivables outstanding at balance date are due to be settled within one year.

d) Foreign Exchange Risk

The investment activities of the Scheme expose it to currency risk, which is the possibility of losing money owing to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The currency risk is managed in accordance with the investment guidelines set out for the Scheme.

The Scheme is also exposed to currency risk indirectly by the investment in the Lifestages World Equity and the Lifestages Australasian Equity Portfolios.

Foreign currency exposure is accounted for by marking to market in a manner consistent with the valuation of the underlying securities.

MARKET PRICE RISK			2015		2014
	Movement:	10% \$	20% \$	10% \$	20% \$
International and Australasian Equities, Infrastructure and Property Investm	ents 4,8	67,705	9,735,410	3,607,744	7,215,489
	Movement:	1% \$	<i>3</i> % \$	1% \$	<i>3</i> % \$
International Bonds	1	58,136	474,408	126,514	379,541



The specific exposure and the effect of a reasonable possible movement in the foreign currency rate against the New Zealand dollar is outlined as follows::

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK		
As at 31 March 2015	AUD	NZD
Vanguard Global Infrastructure Fund	1,233,508	1,260,611
Vanguard International Property Securities Index Fund	1,769,199	1,808,072
As at 31 March 2014	AUD	NZD
Vanguard Global Infrastructure Fund	796,828	850,948
Vanguard International Property Securities Index Fund	1,083,237	1,156,810

The benchmark movement for the cross rate is 5%. The impact on Net Income of a 5% movement on the Scheme would be as follows:

NZD VS AUD NET INCOME EFFECT	2015	2014	
	\$	\$	
5% Appreciation 5% Depreciation	(146,128) 161,511	, , ,	

e) Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risks associated with fixed interest, short term deposits and cash are regularly monitored as part of the reporting process. The interest rate risk disclosures have been prepared on the basis of the Scheme's direct investment and not on a look-through basis for investments held indirectly through unitised investments investing into interest bearing securities. Consequently, the disclosure of interest rate risk in the following Note may not represent the true interest rate risk profile of the Scheme where the Scheme has investments in unit trusts which also have exposure to the interest rate markets.

The benchmark movement is 100bp. A change of interest rates of 100bp would result in a change to net income as noted below:

INTEREST RATE RISK		2015	2014
	Movement:	100bp \$	100вр \$
KiwiSaver Scheme		663,261	531,253

f) Fair value

The Scheme classifies financial assets measured at fair value using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- > Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted in active markets) for identical assets or liabilities
- > Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (ie, as prices) or indirectly (ie, derived from prices)
- > Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Financial Instruments of the Scheme designated at fair value through profit or loss are classified as being Level 2, as they are measured using directly observable prices at balance date.

g) Capital Management

The Net Assets Attributable to Members represent what the Scheme manages as capital (as redeemable units with no par value), notwithstanding Net Assets Attributable to Members classified as a liability.

The amount of Net Assets Attributable to Members can change significantly on a weekly basis as the Scheme is subject to weekly contributions and withdrawals which are at the discretion of Members. The expected cash outflow on redemption of units may differ significantly from previous periods. The Scheme's policy in managing their obligation to meet redemption requests is to hold sufficient liquidity to cover reasonably anticipated redemptions. The Schemes objectives when managing capital is to invest Members' funds in accordance with the Schemes investment objectives.

7. RELATED PARTIES

The Scheme holds units in the following Funds Administration New Zealand Limited investment products:

	KiwiSaver Scheme
	2015 2014
Lifestages World Equity Portfolio	
Units	15,514,983 13,397,063
Market Value	\$ 28,679,370 \$ 21,206,588
Lifestages Australasian Equity Portfolio	
Units	9,156,153 7,325,059
Market Value	\$ 16,928,996 \$ 12,863,097
Lifestages Deposit Portfolio	
Units	52,044,958 39,735,100
Carrying Value	\$ 50,802,208 \$ 39,735,100
Lifestages World Bond Portfolio	
Units	12,066,292 10,644,105
Market Value	\$ 15,813,589 \$ 12,651,382
The Scheme holds deposits in Southland Building Society	\$ 2,443,241 \$ 2,428,130

Southland Building Society is the parent company of the Manager, Funds Administration New Zealand Limited. Investments held at balance date managed by Funds Administration New Zealand are disclosed above. All such transactions were carried out in the ordinary course of the Scheme's activities and are effected on arm's-length terms.

All income presented in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, apart from interest income of \$482,901 and dividend income of \$115,687, is considered income derived from related parties.

Management Fees and operating costs in accordance with the Trust Deed have been paid by the Scheme to the Manager. These expenses are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. The outstanding balances payable on such fees are presented in Note 9 Accounts Payable.

Trustee and custody fees have been paid or are payable to Trustees Executors Limited in accordance with the Trust Deed. The trustee fees expenses are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. The custody fees are included in general expenses in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. The total paid or payable to Trustees Executors Limited is noted in the table below

In addition, each individual member is charged a monthly administration fee of up to \$2, which is paid via unit redemption (prior to September 2013, this fee was \$2.50). This administration fee is paid to Trustees Executors Limited for the day-to-day administration of member accounts and maintaining the member registry for the Scheme.

		KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Trustee Fees	65,817	58,728	
Custody Fees	37,318	25,304	
Administration Fees	271,168	299,022	
TOTAL TRUSTEE REMUNERATION	374,303	383,054	



8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Accrued money market interest	98,142	97,731	
Dividends receivable	1,242,750	310,641	
Other income receivable	103,543	49,131	
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	1,444,435	457,503	

9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

		KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Management fees	86,176	66,684	
Audit fees	6,769	6,769	
Other	147,942	112,964	
Members withdrawals Payable	23,498	21,338	
Total Accounts Payable	264,385	207,755	

10. PIE TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS

 $Members' PIE\ tax\ payments\ and\ refunds\ are\ settled\ with\ Inland\ Revenue\ via\ the\ cancellation\ or\ issue\ of\ units\ in\ the\ Scheme:$

	KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014
PIE tax payable on behalf of members at balance date PIE tax paid on behalf of members during the year	(587,875) (19,946)	(259,686) (327,498)
PIE Tax Attributable to Members for the Year	(607,821)	(587,184)

11. NET CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

		KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments held at balance date			
Lifestages World Equity Portfolio	3,822,782	2,075,271	
Lifestages Australasian Equity Portfolio	815,898	1,486,497	
Lifestages World Bond Portfolio	1,362,207	366,157	
Vanguard Global Infrastructure Fund	101,006	(16,218)	
Vanguard International Property Securities Index Fund	369,037	(30,536)	
	6,470,930	3,881,171	
Realised gains on investments sold during the year			
Lifestages World Bond Portfolio	_	1,624	
	-	1,624	
TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	6,470,930	3,882,795	

12. INVESTMENTS

		KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Financial Assets held to Maturity			
Nelson Building Society	2,636,250	2,638,119	
Southland Building Society	2,443,241	2,428,130	
Lifestages Deposit Portfolio	50,802,208	39,735,100	
Financial Assets designated at Fair Value			
Lifestages World Equity Portfolio	28,679,370	21,206,588	
Lifestages Australasian Equity Portfolio	16,928,996	12,863,097	
Lifestages World Bond Portfolio	15,813,589	12,651,382	
Vanguard Global Infrastructure Fund	1,260,611	850,948	
Vanguard International Property Securities Index Fund	1,808,073	1,156,809	
Total Investments	120,372,338	93,530,173	

The Scheme holds a 61.7% (2014: 63.0%) interest in the Lifestages World Equity Portfolio and 48.5% (2014: 53.4%) in the Lifestages World Bond Portfolio and 60.0% (2014: 54.8%) interest in the Lifestages Australasian Equity Portfolio.

Determining whether the Scheme controls or has a significant influence over these investments primarily focuses on the Scheme's power over the investment decisions that affect relevant returns.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, it is the Manager's responsibility to direct the ongoing day-to-day investment decisions and more than 75% of the interest in value of the investment is required in order to affect and change the investment decisions and investment policy used by the Manager and approved by the Trustee. The Scheme holdings are below the prescribed threshold, hence the Scheme has concluded that it does not have the power over the relevant activities nor to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions. Therefore the Scheme has not consolidated or equity accounted for these investments.



13. RECONCILIATION OF BENEFITS ACCRUED AS A RESULT OF OPERATIONS TO NET OPERATING CASHFLOW

		KiwiSaver Scheme	
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Net Change in Benefits Accrued	28,223,825	21,139,623	
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(986,932)	46,487	
Increase in Accounts Payable	54,470	88,133	
Increase in cost of Investment Assets	(20,371,235)	(13,714,821)	
Net Movement In Members Contributions & Withdrawals	(20,626,218)	(16,454,137)	
Adjustment for Non Cash Items			
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	(6,470,930)	(3,882,795)	
Less items classified as Financing Activities			
Movements in Payables Attributable to Financing Activities	330,349	277,670	
NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(19,846,671)	(12,499,840)	

14. MEMBERS' FUNDS

 $Members\ are\ entitled\ to\ one\ vote\ per\ unit\ at\ a\ meeting\ of\ the\ Scheme, and\ rank\ equally\ with\ regard\ to\ each\ Portfolio's\ assets.$

	KiwiSaver Growth Portfolio		KiwiSaver Capital Stable Portfolio	
	2015 Number of Units	2014 Number of Units	2015 Number of Units	2014 Number of Units
Units on Issue at the Start of the Year	12,831,232	8,649,517	34,891,018	30,179,241
Issue of Units for the Year	7,078,566	4,891,100	8,768,588	7,975,441
Redemption of Units for the Year	(840,070)	(709,385)	(3,860,260)	(3,263,664)
Units on Issue at the End of the Year	19,069,728	12,831,232	39,799,346	34,891,018

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Other than as disclosed in the Financial Statements or Notes, the Scheme has no contingent liabilities or future commitments as at 31 March 2015 (31 March 2014: Nil).

16. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The audit fees stated in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets were paid, or are payable, to the auditor of the Funds.

In addition, Prospectus related fees of \$1,529 (31 March 2014: \$1,400) and Trustee Reporting Fees of nil (31 March 2014: \$1,150) were included in the general expenses of the Scheme. Taxation services were paid for by the Manager of the Scheme: Nil (31 March 2014: nil).

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No material events occurred subsequent to reporting date that require recognition of, or additional disclosure in, these financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 March 2015



Independent auditor's report

To the members of Lifestages Kiwisaver Scheme

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lifestages Kiwisaver Scheme ("the scheme") on pages 2 to 13. The financial statements comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2015, the statements of changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Manager's responsibility for the financial statements

The manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (being New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards) and International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as the manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the scheme's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the scheme's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, as well as evaluating the presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Our firm has also provided other assurance services to the Unit Trust in relation to the registered prospectus and trustee reporting. These matters have not impaired our independence as auditor of the Unit Trust. The firm has no other relationship with or interests in, the Unit Trust.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 2 to 13 comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lifestages Kiwisaver Scheme as at 31 March 2015 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

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25 June 2015 Wellington





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